

THE TAMIL NADU DR.M.G.R. MEDICAL UNIVERSITY

[PBBSCN 1122]

**NOVEMBER 2022
(AUGUST 2022 EXAM SESSION)**

Sub. Code: 4890

**POST BASIC BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN NURSING
DEGREE EXAMINATION**

(Regulations for candidates admitted from 2010-2011 Session onwards)

FIRST YEAR

PAPER IX – ENGLISH

Q.P. Code: 684890

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

Answer All Questions:

I. Rewrite the following sentences as directed:

(20 x 1 = 20)

Change the sentences into active or passive voice:

1. "Paradise regained" was written by John Milton. (into Active)
2. Trees are planted by the nursing students. (into Active)
3. Gandhi led Dandi March. (into Passive)
4. Sita loves Savithri. (into Passive)

Fill in the blanks with verbs using the correct tense:

5. Rangan has _____ (have) a new car.
6. Rajiv _____ (work) in this company for two years.
7. When, I _____ (reach) college, the lecture had already begun.

Change into direct/indirect Speech:

8. Rajan told Banu that he had gone to Chennai the previous week.
9. The teacher said to the students, "We are going on an excursion to Kerala next week".
10. The teacher instructed the students not to write on both sides of the paper.
11. "What a beautiful view it is!" said my friend.

Fill in the blanks with correct word:

12. Passengers was occupying my _____ (birth/berth).
13. Mumbai is the most _____ (popular/populous) city in India.
14. My friend's hand writing is _____ (eligible/illegible).

Do as directed

15. He practiced well but he didn't win the prize. (Change into Complex).
16. We must eat or we cannot alive. (Change into Simple)
17. He is an intelligent boy. (Change into Compound).

Correct the mistakes in the following sentences:

18. He lives in Vadaplalani in Chennai
19. She goes to school by foot.
20. I prefer to travel in train.

II. Give meanings of the phrases:**(5 x 1 = 5)**

1. Setup.
2. Pass through.
3. Look for.
4. Get into.
5. Give up.

Frame sentences using words/phrases given below**(5 x 1 = 5)**

1. Make up.
2. Get up.
3. Put down.
4. Run after.
5. Set in.

III. Write short notes to any Five questions based on prescribed text:**(5 x 2 = 10)**

1. According to the author Kathleen what makes nursing exciting?
2. Describe Helen Keller's house.
3. Why is inhalation injury dangerous?
4. How do we identify muscle damage due to severe burns?
5. Why do you need an automatic blood pressure monitor?
6. What is the first step that should be taken at the site of a fire accident?

IV. Summarize the given passage to one third of its length: Give a suitable title:**(1 x 10 = 10)**

Occasional self-medication has always been part of normal living. The making and selling of drugs has a long history and is closely linked, like medical practice itself, with belief in magic. Only during the last hundred years or so, as the development of scientific techniques made it possible diagnosis has become possible. The doctor is now able to follow up the correct diagnosis of many illness-with specific treatment of their causes. In many other illnesses of which the causes remain unknown, he is still limited, like the unqualified prescriber, to the treatment of symptoms. The doctor is trained to decide when to treat symptoms only and when to attack the cause. This is the essential difference between medical prescribing and self-medication.

The advance of technology has brought about much progress in some fields of medicine, including the development of scientific drug therapy. In many countries public health organization is improving and people's nutritional standards have risen. Parallel with such beneficial trends are two which have an adverse effect. One is the use of high pressure advertising by the pharmaceutical industry which has tended to influence both patients and doctors and has led to the overuse of drugs generally. The other is emergence of eating, insufficient sleep, excessive smoking and drinking. People with disorders arising from faulty habits such as these, as well as well from unhappy human relationships, often resort to self-medication and so add the taking of pharmaceuticals to the list. Advertisers go to great lengths to catch this marker.

Clever advertising, aimed at chronic sufferers who will try anything because doctors have not been able to cure them, can induce such faith in a preparation, particularly if steeply priced, that it will produce-by suggestion-a very real effect in some people. Advertisements are also aimed at people suffering from mild complaints such as simple cold and coughs, which clear up, by themselves within a short time.

These are the main reasons, why laxatives, indigestion-remedies, painkillers, cough-mixtures, tonics, vitamins and iron tablets, nose drops, ointments and many other preparations are found in quantity in many households. It is doubtful whether taking these things ever improves a person's health. It may even make it worse. Worse, because the preparation may contain unsuitable ingredients; worse because the taker may become dependent on them; worse because they might be taken excess; worse because they may cause poisoning and worst of all because symptoms of some serious underlying cause may be asked and therefore medical help may not be sought. Self-diagnosis is a greater danger than self-medication.

V. Letter Writing:

(1 x 10 = 10)

Write a letter Prakash publications, New Delhi to send ten copies of "English grammar and Composition" by Wren and Martin.

VI. Write an essay in about 350 words on any ONE of the topics given below: (1 x 15 = 15)

1. Need of protection for female children from abuses.
2. Health tips to save us from this hot summer.

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