Maximum: 100 marks

- 1. Write in detail about the Basic principle and Data Acquisition of Image Intensifier. How it Differs from Fluoroscopy.
- 2. Write in detail about the Radiological procedures of Single and Double contrast of Barium Enema study.
- 3. Write in detail about the x-ray Procedure of IVU.

#### II. Write notes on:

**Time : Three Hours** 

I. Elaborate on:

- 1. Guidance in Radiation Protection to be followed while doing X-ray procedures.
- 2. Discus about Barium meal study.
- 3. Write about Indications and Contra Indications for T-Tube Cholangiography.
- 4. Write in detail about Micturation Cysto Urethrography.
- 5. Write in Detail about the HSG procedure.
- 6. Write in details about Image Intensifier and its application.
- 7. What are the patients care to be taken while doing Ascending Urethrography
- 8. Write in detail about the procedure Fistulagraphy.
- 9. Discuss about Tomography and its applications.
- 10. Indications and Contra Indications For Barium Swallow. How the Gastro Oesophageal reflux is demonstrated?

#### **III. Short Answers on:**

- 1. What is the contra indication for Barium swallow?
- 2. What is 10 day rule of Pregnancy?
- 3. Discus about Volume contrast and filming in the case of Paediatric IVU.
- 4. Write about Sinogram.
- 5. Short notes on Sailography.
- 6. What are the different types of T- tube Cholangiography.
- 7. Name the contrast used in HSG and how much volume is used.
- 8. What are the complications in Ascending Urethrography?
- 9. Write the Advantages of the preliminary or Pilot Films.
- 10. Write about Small bowel Enema.

### [LD 0212]

#### **SECOND YEAR**

#### PAPER III - CONTRAST AND SPECIAL RADIOGRAPHY PROCEDURES

**AUGUST 2013** 

**DIPLOMA IN RADIOLOGY IMAGING TECHNOLOGY** 

#### *Q.P. Code* : 841413

**Answer ALL questions** 

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$ 

### $(10 \ge 2 = 20)$

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ 

Sub. Code: 1413

[LE 0212]

**FEBRUARY 2014** 

Sub. Code: 1413

#### DIPLOMA IN RADIOLOGY IMAGING TECHNOLOGY

#### SECOND YEAR

#### PAPER III – CONTRAST AND SPECIAL RADIOGRAPHY PROCEDURES

#### Q.P. Code: 841413

Maximum: 100 marks

**Time : Three Hours** 

- 1. Write in details about the IVU Procedure.
- 2. Write in detail about the T- tube Cholangiography Procedure.
- 3. Method to be followed in Radiological Procedure.
  - a) Patient Preparation & Patient care After Procedure.
  - b) Guidance for Radiation Protection in Diagnostic Radiology.

#### II. Write notes on:

- 1. What are the Indications and Contra Indications For Barium Enema study.
- 2. Write in detail about the Radiological procedure of Ascending Urethrography.
- 3. Discus about HSG Procedures.
- 4. Write in detail about Image Intensifier and its Advantages.
- 5. What is the Basic Principle of tomography and Its application In Imaging.
- 6. Discuss about the various complication regarding IV contrast media.
- 7. Write in detail about Fistulagraphy.
- 8. What are the advantages of doing Preliminary / Pilot films and delayed films.
- 9. Discuss in detail about Fluoroscopy.
- 10. What are the Indication and contra Indication for MCU.

#### **III. Short Answers on:**

- 1. What are the contra indications for Barium swallow study.
- 2. What are the complication in HSG Procedures?
- 3. What are the patients preparation for the Barium Enema study?
- 4. What are the patients care to be followed in the study of Ascending Urethrogram?
- 5. Define Sinogram.
- 6. What are the different Procedures followed in T-tube cholangiography?
- 7. What is mean by 10 day rule of Pregnancy?
- 8. What is the contrast medium and How much quantity is given for Sailography?
- 9. What is the chemical used in the Fluoroscopic Screen?
- 10. How much volume of contrast and timings of filming in the Procedure IVU.

 $(10 \ge 2 = 20)$ 

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ 

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$ 

Answer ALL questions

AUGUST 2014

Sub. Code: 1413

#### DIPLOMA IN RADIOLOGY IMAGING TECHNOLOGY

#### **SECOND YEAR**

#### PAPER III – CONTRAST AND SPECIAL RADIOGRAPHY PROCEDURES

#### Q.P. Code : 841413

**Answer ALL questions** 

Maximum : 100 marks

#### I. Elaborate on:

**Time : Three Hours** 

- 1. Explain in detail about the preparation of patient, indications, procedure and recommended views of a patient undergoing T tube cholangiogram.
- 2. Explain the methods, indications, contraindications, patient preparation, contrast and radiographic technique for a Barium enema: single and double contrast.
- 3. Draw a labeled diagram explaining about the Hystero Salphingo Graphy procedure.

#### II. Write notes on:

- 1. Indications, contrast and technique of small bowel enema.
- 2. Explain about the contrast medium and radiographic views taken for intravenous urogram.
- 3. 5 high risk factors of ionic contrast media.
- 4. Explain in detail about the basics of Tomography.
- 5. Explain about Barium swallow.
- 6. What are image intensifiers?
- 7. Explain in detail about Sinogram procedure.
- 8. Write about the indications, contrast and technique of fistulogram.
- 9. Explain about fluoroscopy chain with a diagram.
- 10. Explain about the radiographic views of Micturating Cysto Urethrogram procedure.

#### **III. Short Answers on:**

- 1. What type of catheter is used in small bowel enema?
- 2. What is the contrast media used in Hystero Salphingo Graphy?
- 3. What is Zonography?
- 4. Name the contrast media used in small bowel enema.
- 5. Explain minification gain.
- 6. Explain about automatic brightness control.
- 7. What is contrast ratio?
- 8. Explain about distortion.
- 9. Explain pixel shift
- 10. What is road mapping?

\*\*\*\*\*\*

#### $(10 \ge 2 = 20)$

#### Jocedule.

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$ 

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ 

[LG 0215]

**FEBRUARY 2015** 

Sub. Code: 1413

#### DIPLOMA IN RADIOLOGY IMAGING TECHNOLOGY

#### SECOND YEAR

#### PAPER III – CONTRAST AND SPECIAL RADIOGRAPHY PROCEDURES

#### Q.P. Code : 841413

**Answer ALL questions** 

Maximum: 100 marks

#### I. Elaborate on:

**Time : Three Hours** 

- 1. Explain about the indications, contraindications, preparation of patient, contrast medium and radiographic views taken for an intravenous urogram.
- 2. Explain in detail about the Percutaneous Transhepatic Biliary Duct procedure.
- 3. Explain the methods, indications, contraindications, patient preparation, contrast and radiographic technique for a Barium enema procedure.

#### II. Write notes on:

- 1. Modification of technique and main indications for upper GI imaging in children.
- 2. Indications, contrast and technique of Barium swallow procedure.
- 3. 5 adverse effects of ionic contrast media
- 4. Explain about the Sinogram procedure.
- 5. Explain the various methods of fluoroscopy.
- 6. Explain the types of tomographic movements.
- 7. Explain about the benefits of image intensifiers.
- 8. Explain about the protocol for a tomographic procedure.
- 9. Explain in detail about the T Tube cholangiogram procedure.
- 10. Write in detail about the Fistulogram procedure.

#### **III. Short Answers on:**

- 1. What is the ten day rule?
- 2. Explain about the catheter used in small bowel enema.
- 3. List the indications and contraindications of intravenous urogram.
- 4. Indications and contraindications for fistulogram.
- 5. Give two examples of ionic contrast media.
- 6. Define Micturating Cysto Urethrogram.
- 7. Explain indications and contraindications of T Tube cholangiogram.
- 8. The level of creatinine and why is it important in intravenous urethrogram?
- 9. Radiographic technique for Micturating Cysto Urethrogram.
- 10. Define Sialography.

#### (10 x 2 = 20)

#### $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

[LH 0815]

AUGUST 2015

Sub. Code: 1413

#### DIPLOMA IN RADIOLOGY IMAGING TECHNOLOGY

#### SECOND YEAR

#### PAPER III – CONTRAST AND SPECIAL RADIOGRAPHY PROCEDURES

#### Q.P. Code: 841413

**Answer ALL questions** 

Maximum : 100 marks

#### I. Elaborate on:

**Time : Three Hours** 

- 1. Barium swallow indications, contra-indications, patient preparation, procedure, radiographic views. When to use gastrografin instead of barium?
- 2. Elaborate on Hysterosalphingogram indications, contra- indications, patient preparation, when to plan the test, procedure, contrast used, radiographic views commonly used?
- 3. Mention different types of Contrast agents used in radiology classify, give contraindications and precautions for usage of each.

#### II. Write notes on:

- 1. Barium enema for child modifications.
- 2. Ascending urethrogram, contrast used, precautions, procedure.
- 3. Barium suspension types and uses differences in preparation for single contrast and double contrast studies.
- 4. Bilbao dotter tube describe, where it is used, why?
- 5. Barium can diagram, features, usage and restrictions on where to place.
- 6. Intravenous urogram contrast agent used, precautions and procedure.
- 7. Micturating cystourethrogram indications, procedure and radiographic views.
- 8. Sialogram indications, contraindications, procedure and radiographic views.
- 9. Defecogram procedure, procedure, radiographic view.
- 10. T-tube cholangiogram contrast used, precautions, procedure, radiographic views.

#### III. Short Answers on:

- 1. X-Ray tomography advantage and examples of usage.
- 2. Radiographic view best used to demonstrate oesophagogastric junction.
- 3. Uses of compression paddle in barium meal follow through.
- 4. Why should we avoid air bubbles in contrast applications HSG, T-tube cholangiogram, AUG?
- 5. Can Micturating cystourethrogram be performed when renal parameters (serum creatinine) is elevated, why?
- 6. Why do we use Luke warm preparation in barium enema?
- 7. Uses of effervescent in barium swallow.
- 8. Use of penile clamp.
- 9. What is opposing urethrogram or approximating urethrogram?
- 10. Decubitus view in barium enema.

(10 x 2 = 20)

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ 

[LI 0216]

**FEBRUARY 2016** 

Sub. Code: 1413

#### DIPLOMA IN RADIOLOGY IMAGING TECHNOLOGY

#### **SECOND YEAR**

#### PAPER III – CONTRAST AND SPECIAL RADIOGRAPHY PROCEDURES

#### Q.P. Code: 841413

**Answer ALL questions** 

Maximum : 100 marks

#### I. Elaborate on:

**Time : Three Hours** 

- 1. Small bowel enema indications, contra-indications, patient preparation, catheters used, procedure, radiographic views
- 2. Elaborate on Intravenous urogram indications, contra- indications, patient preparation, procedure and radiographic views commonly used. When is a diuretic (lasix) used in intravenous urogram?
- 3. Contrast agents used in radiology classify, contra-indications and precautions for each.

#### II. Write notes on:

- 1. Hysterosalphingogram when to give appointment, contrast agent used, common views?
- 2. Parotid sialogram contrast agent used, common views.
- 3. Retrograde urethrogram contrast agent used, positioning.
- 4. Thin barium and thick barium differences and uses.
- 5. Higginsons pump diagram, features, usage and precautions.
- 6. Barium can diagram, features, usage and restrictions on where to place.
- 7. Barium swallow for child modifications.
- 8. Fistulogram contrast used, radiographic views.
- 9. Image intensifiers advantage, dose reduction techniques.
- 10. X-ray Tomography advantage, principle, examples of usage.

#### III. Short Answers on:

- 1. Use of T-tube cholangiogram.
- 2. Use of effervescent in barium swallow.
- 3. Use of penile clamp.
- 4. What is opposing urethrogram or approximating urethrogram?
- 5. Decubitus view in barium enema.
- 6. Radiographic view best used to demonstrate oesophagogastric junction.
- 7. Use of compression paddle in barium meal follow through.
- 8. Why should we avoid air bubbles in contrast applications HSG, T-tube cholangiogram, AUG?
- 9. What is the use of lemon in sialogram?
- 10. Why do we use Luke warm preparation in barium enema?

(10 x 2 = 20)

 $(10 \ge 5 = 50)$ 

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ 

[LJ 0816]

AUGUST 2016

Sub. Code : 1413

# DIPLOMA IN RADIOLOGY IMAGING TECHNOLOGY

#### SECOND YEAR

#### PAPER III – CONTRAST AND SPECIAL RADIOGRAPHY PROCEDURES

#### Q.P. Code: 841413

| Q.P. Code: 841415<br>Time : Three hours                             | Maximum: 100 Marks   |
|---|----------------------|
| Answer ALL questions.   |                      |
| I. Elaborate on:  | $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ |
| 1. Barium meal follow through.                                      |                      |
| 2. Micturating Cysto Urethrography.                                 |                      |
| 3. Lumbar Myelography.  |                      |
| II. Write notes on:   | (10  x 5 = 50)       |
| 1. Hypotonic Duodenography.   |                      |
| 2. Sialography.   |                      |
| 3. Adverse reactions for contrast medium.                           |                      |
| 4. Ascending Urethrography.   |                      |
| 5. Oral Cholecystogram.   |                      |
| 6. Vesiculography.  |                      |
| 7. Technique in small bowel enema.                                  |                      |
| 8. Ureteric compression.  |                      |
| 9. Barium enema in proximal segment of colostomy.                   |                      |
| 10. How to demonstrate illeo-caecal junction in enteroclysis?       |                      |
| III. Short answers on:  | (10  x  2 = 20)      |
| 1. Indications for Intravenous Urogram.                             |                      |
| 2. What is fistulogram?   |                      |
| 3. What are the differences between the Ionic and Non-ionic contr   | ast medium?          |
| 4. What are the after care for Bronchography patients?              |                      |
| 5. Purpose of slow administration of contrast medium in Intravence  | ous cholangiogram.   |
| 6. Define fluoroscopy.  |                      |
| 7. What are the exposure factor for single and double contrast stud | ly in barium meal?   |
| 8. What is Tomography?  |                      |
|   |                      |

- 9. What are the indications for barium swallow?
- 10. List the advantage and disadvantage of Fluoroscophy.

#### [LK 0217]

#### **FEBRUARY 2017**

#### DIPLOMA IN RADIOLOGY IMAGING TECHNOLOGY SECOND YEAR PAPER III – CONTRAST AND SPECIAL RADIOGRAPHY PROCEDURES

| Q.P. Code: 841413 |  |                                  |                      |  |  |
|-------------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Ti                | me : Three Hours                             | A                                | Maximum : 100 Marks  |  |  |
| I.                | Elaborate on:                                | Answer All questions.            | $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ |  |  |
|                   | 1. Intra Venous Urogram.                     |                                  |                      |  |  |
|                   | 2. Hysterosalphingography.                   |                                  |                      |  |  |
|                   | 3. Enteroclyosis.                            |                                  |                      |  |  |
| II.               | Write notes on:                              |                                  | (10  x 5 = 50)       |  |  |
|                   | 1. Hypotonic Duodenograph                    | hy.                              |                      |  |  |
|                   | 2. Sialography.                              |                                  |                      |  |  |
|                   | 3. What are the high risk ca                 | ses considered before giving con | ntrast medium?       |  |  |
|                   | 4. Preparation of patient for Bronchography. |                                  |                      |  |  |
|                   |  |                                  |                      |  |  |

- 5. Emergency equipment and drugs kept in radiology department.
- 6. Micturating cysto urethrography.
- 7. T-Tube Cholangiography.
- 8. What are the views taken in Mammography?
- 9. How a preliminary film taken for Choledochography?
- 10. Adverse reactions for contrast medium.

#### III. Short answers on:

- 1. Points to consider while selecting contrast medium.
- 2. What are positive and negative contrast medium? Give examples.
- 3. What are the indications for Ascending Urethrography?
- 4. What is Sinography?
- 5. What are the after care for Myelography patients?
- 6. Why compression is applied in mammography.
- 7. Which is the best view in pregnancy and the advantages in that position?
- 8. In which special procedure Macroradiography is used?
- 9. What is ultrasound, how they are generated?
- 10. When do you give the contrast medium for Oral Cholecystogram?

#### (10 x 2 = 20)

#### [LL 0817]

#### **AUGUST 2017**

#### DIPLOMA IN RADIOLOGY IMAGING TECHNOLOGY SECOND YEAR PAPER III – CONTRAST AND SPECIAL RADIOGRAPHY PROCEDURES

#### Q.P. Code: 841413

| Ti | me : Three Hours<br>Answer All questions.  | Maximum : 100 Marks  |
|----|--|----------------------|
| I. | Elaborate on:  | $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ |
|    | <ol> <li>Describe about the procedure of Mammography.</li> <li>Explain about the procedure of Sialography.</li> <li>Describe about the procedure of Barium Enema study.</li> </ol> |                      |
| II | . Write notes on:  | (10  x  5 = 50)      |

- 1. Describe mucosal study of stomach.
- 2. RGP.
- 3. What are the high risk cases considered before administration of contrast medium?
- 4. Preparation of patient in Bronchography.
- 5. List the emergency equipments and drugs kept in the Radiology department.
- 6. What are the routes of administration of contrast medium?
- 7. ERCP.
- 8. How to demonstrate in the following in Barium swallow.
  - a) Foreign body b) Oesophageal varices c) Hiatus hernia.
- 9. MCU in stress incontinence.
- 10. What modifications to be made in IVU in the following HT, Ectopia, Bladder anomalies, hydronephrosis?

#### III. Short answers on:

- 1. Bilbao dotter tube.
- 2. Advantage of entercolyosis over Barium meal follow through.
- 3. What are the contra indications in hypotonic duodenography?
- 4. Write the indications for MCU.
- 5. What is Nephrogram and how to get it?
- 6. What is 10 day rule?
- 7. What precaution to be taken while doing cervical myelography?
- 8. What all can be diagnosed in plain X-ray during pregnancy?
- 9. What compound is used in most positive contrast medium? Why?
- 10. Basic trolley setting in HSG.

 $(10 \ge 2 = 20)$ 

#### FEBRUARY 2018

#### DIPLOMA IN RADIOLOGY IMAGING TECHNOLOGY **SECOND YEAR** PAPER III - CONTRAST AND SPECIAL RADIOGRAPHY PROCEDURES

O P Code: 8/1/12

| Time : Three Hours |                              | Q.r. Code: 041415                | Maximum : 100 Marks  |  |
|--------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| I.                 | Elaborate on:                | Answer All questions.            | $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ |  |
|                    | Write in detail under the fe | ollowing headings. Definition, i | ndication, contrast  |  |

medium used, Pre film, Technique with views.

- 1. Barium meal follow through.
- 2. MCU.
- 3. Lumber Myelography.

#### II. Write notes on:

- 1. Hypotonic Duodenography.
- 2. Sialography.
- 3. Adverse reactions for contrast medium.
- 4. Ascending Urethrogram.
- 5. OCG.
- 6. Vesiculography.
- 7. Technique in small bowel enema.
- 8. Ureteric compression.
- 9. Basic trolley setting in HSC.
- 10. Barium enema in proximal segment of colostectomy.

#### III. Short answers on:

- 1. How to demonstrate Ileocaceal junction in enteroclyosis?
- 2. Indications for IVU.
- 3. What is fistulogram?
- 4. What is the difference between Ionic and non-ionic contrast medium?
- 5. After care of patient in Bronchogram.
- 6. Purpose of slow of administration contrast medium in IV Cholangiogram.
- 7. Define Fluroscopy.
- 8. What are the exposure factors for single contrast and double contrast in Barium meal study?
- 9. What is tomography?
- 10. Basic trolley setting in HSG.

 $(10 \ge 2 = 20)$ 

#### AUGUST 2018

# DIPLOMA IN RADIOLOGY IMAGING TECHNOLOGY SECOND YEAR

#### PAPER III – CONTRAST AND SPECIAL RADIOGRAPHY PROCEDURES

#### Q.P. Code: 841413

| Time : Three Hours Max<br>Answer All questions.  | imum : 100 Marks     |
|--|----------------------|
| I. Elaborate on:   | $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ |
| <ol> <li>Write in detail about the Procedure of Barium meal follow thro</li> <li>Explain Barium swallow procedure with the complications of         <ul> <li>a) Foreign body</li> <li>b) Oesophageal Varices</li> <li>c) Severe Dysphagia</li> <li>d) Hiatus Hernia</li> </ul> </li> </ol> | ough.                |
| 3. Explain IVP/IVU procedure in detail.  |                      |
| II. Write notes on:  | (10 x 5 = 50)        |
| <ol> <li>Write in detail about VCUG.</li> <li>Write in Detail about the HSG procedure.</li> <li>ERCP.</li> <li>Write in detail about sialography.</li> <li>What are the risk factors of contrast media?</li> <li>What is dye? Explain in brief about its properties and types.</li> </ol>  |                      |
| <ol> <li>What is dye? Explain in orier about its properties and types.</li> <li>Retrograde pyelogram.</li> <li>T-Tube cholangiogram.</li> <li>Semino-Vesiculogram.</li> <li>Invertogram.</li> </ol>  |                      |
| III. Short answers on:   | (10  x  2 = 20)      |
| <ol> <li>What is 10 day rule?</li> <li>Small bowel enema.</li> <li>Seldinger Technique.</li> <li>Bowel washing techniques for Barium enema.</li> <li>Fistulogram</li> </ol>  |                      |

- 5. Fistulogram.
- 6. Oral cholecystogram.
- 7. Enteroclysis.
- 8. Tomogram.
- 9. Benefits of fluoroscopy in contrast procedure.
- 10. AUG.

#### FEBRUARY 2019

## **DIPLOMA IN RADIOLOGY IMAGING TECHNOLOGY SECOND YEAR**

PAPER III – CONTRAST AND SPECIAL RADIOGRAPHY PROCEDURES

#### Q.P. Code: 841413

| Time : Three Hours | Answer All questions. | Maximum : 100 Marks  |
|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| I. Elaborate on:   |                       | $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ |

- 1. Explain in detail about single and double contrast Barium enema.
- 2. X-ray procedures of IVU.
- 3. Explain in detail about percutaneous transhepatic Biliary Drainage procedure.

#### II. Write notes on:

- 1. Modification of techniques and indications of upper G1 imaging in children.
- 2. Adverse effects of ionic contrast media.
- 3. Fistulogram.
- 4. Micturating cystourethogram indication, procedures, radiographic views.
- 5. X ray tomography definition, advantages and examples of usage.
- 6. 10 days rule of pregnancy.
- 7. Defecogram procedures, radiographic views.
- 8. T- tube cholangiogram- contrast used, precaution, procedure, radiographic views.
- 9. What is bilbao dotter tube? What are its uses?
- 10. Image intensifier advantage, dose reduction techniques.

#### III. Short answers on:

- 1. Effervescent in barium swallow usage.
- 2. Uses of penile clamp.
- 3. Use of lemon in sialogram.
- 4. Decubitus view in barium enema.
- 5. Opposing urethrogram.
- 6. Macro radiography.
- 7. Sinography.
- 8. Basic trolley setting in HSG.
- 9. Define fluoroscopy.
- 10. After care of patient in Bronchogram.

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$ 

 $(10 \ge 2 = 20)$ 

#### AUGUST 2019

## DIPLOMA IN RADIOLOGY IMAGING TECHNOLOGY SECOND YEAR

#### PAPER III – CONTRAST AND SPECIAL RADIOGRAPHY PROCEDURES

#### Q.P. Code: 841413

| Time : Three Hours | Answer All questions. | Maximum : 100 Marks  |
|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| I. Elaborate on:   |                       | $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ |

- 1. What are the types of MR contrast media? What are hepatobiliary specific contrast agents and when are they used? Outline MR enterography.
- 2. Basic principle and data acquisition of image intensifier.
- 3. Lumbar Myelography.

#### II. Write notes on:

- 1. Radiological procedures of ascending urethrography.
- 2. Basic principle of tomography and its advantages.
- 3. Advantages of doing pilot films and delayed films.
- 4. Indication and contraindication for MCU.
- 5. Mammographic views.
- 6. Invertogram.
- 7. Fistulography.
- 8. Complications of intravenous contrast media.
- 9. Ureteric compression.
- 10. Split dose protocol in CT IVU.

#### III. Short answers on:

- 1. Types of catheter in small bowel enema.
- 2. Zonography.
- 3. Contrast media in small bowel enema.
- 4. Explain minification gain.
- 5. Explain pixel shift.
- 6. What is road mapping?
- 7. Explain about distortion.
- 8. Explain about automatic brightness control.
- 9. What is contrast ratio?
- 10. Define micturating cystourethrogram.

(10 x 2 = 20)

### DIPLOMA IN RADIOLOGY IMAGING TECHNOLOGY SECOND YEAR

#### PAPER III – CONTRAST AND SPECIAL RADIOGRAPHY PROCEDURES

#### Q.P. Code: 841413

| Time : Three Hours |   | Answer All questions.                                       | Maximum : 100 Marks  |
|--------------------|---|---|----------------------|
| I.                 | Elaborate on:   | Answei An questions.  | $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ |
|                    | <ol> <li>Explain Barium swallo         <ul> <li>(a) Foreign body</li> </ul> </li> </ol> | w procedure with the complicati<br>(b) Oesophageal Varieces | ons of               |

- (c) Severe Dysphagia (d) Hiatus Hemia
- 2. Write in detail about the basic principle and data acquisition of image intensifier. How it differs from fluoroscopy.
- 3. Explain about the indications, contraindications, preparation of patient, contrast medium and radiographic views taken for an intravenous urogram.

#### II. Write notes on:

- 1. Barium enema for child modifications.
- 2. Bilbao dotter tube describe, where it is used, why?
- 3. RGP.
- 4. ERCP.
- 5. Hypotonic duodenography.
- 6. Oral cholecystogram.
- 7. Ureteric compression.
- 8. Adverse reactions of contrast medium.
- 9. Explain about the benefits of image intensifiers.
- 10. Explain in detail about the T Tube cholangiogram procedure.

#### **III. Short answers on:**

- 1. Radiographic view best used to demonstrate oesophagogastric junction.
- 2. Use of penile clamp.
- 3. What is Nephrogram and how to get it?
- 4. What precaution to be takes while doing cervical myelography?
- 5. What all can be diagnosed in plain X-ray during pregnancy?
- 6. Write the advantages of the preliminary or pilot films.
- 7. What are the difference between the Ionic and non-ionic contrast medium?
- 8. Define fluoroscopy.
- 9. What is the ten day rule?
- 10. Enteroclysis contrast medium preparation.

 $(10 \ge 2 = 20)$ 

[LR 1220]

DECEMBER 2020 (AUGUST 2020 EXAM SESSION)

#### DIPLOMA IN RADIOLOGY IMAGING TECHNOLOGY SECOND YEAR – (Regulation from 2010-2011) PAPER III – CONTRAST AND SPECIAL RADIOGRAPHY PROCEDURES *Q.P. Code: 841413*

| Ti | ime:           | : Three Hours   | Answer ALL Questions  | Maximum: 100 Marks    |
|----|----------------|---|---|-----------------------|
| I. | Ela            | aborate on:   |   | $(3 \times 10 = 30)$  |
|    | 2.             | contrast agents and v<br>Barium Swallow-ind   | f MR contrast media? What are Hepa<br>when are they used? Outline MR ente<br>ications, contraindications patient pr<br>vs when do you use Gastrograffin ins<br>y. | eparation, procedures |
| II | . Wi           | rite notes on:  |   | (10  x 5 = 50)        |
|    | 2.<br>3.<br>4. | CT Cisternogram.<br>Hypotonic Duodenog<br>Ascending Urethrogr<br>Oral Cholecystogram<br>Vesiculography. | caphy.  |                       |

- 6. Adverse reactions of Contrast medium.
- 7. Ureteric compression.
- 8. Barium Enteroclysis Procedures, indication and contraindication.
- 9. Mammographic views.
- 10. Retrograde Pyelogram.

#### **III. Short answers on:**

- 1. 10 day Rule.
- 2. Seldinger Technique.
- 3. Benefits of Fluoroscopy in Contrast procedures.
- 4. Contrast induced Nephropathy.
- 5. Tomogram.
- 6. After care for Myelography patients.
- 7. Uses of compression paddles in Barium meal follow through.
- 8. Defecogram.
- 9. Contrast used in HSS.
- 10. Short notes on Sialography.

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(10 x 2 = 20)

Sub. Code: 1413

#### [AHS 0122] JANUARY 2022 Sub. Code: 1413 (FEBRUARY 2021 & AUGUST 2021 EXAM SESSION)

#### **DIPLOMA IN RADIOLOGY IMAGING TECHNOLOGY SECOND YEAR – (Regulation from 2010-2011)** PAPER III - CONTRAST AND SPECIAL RADIOGRAPHY PROCEDURES Q.P. Code: 841413

| <b>Time: Three Hours</b>   |                  | Answer ALL Questions | Maximum: 100 Marks   |  |
|--|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| I.   | I. Elaborate on: |                      | $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ |  |
| <ol> <li>Describe about the procedure of</li> <li>Lumber Myelography.</li> <li>Explain in detail about the Pero</li> </ol> |                  |                      | iary Duct procedure. |  |

#### **II. Write notes on:**

- 1. Defecogram procedure and radiographic views.
- 2. Describe mucosal study of stomach.
- 3. Preparation of patient in Bronchography.
- 4. List the emergency equipments and drugs kept in the Radiology department.
- 5. Adverse reactions for Contrast medium.
- 6. Vesiculography.
- 7. How to demonstrate Illeo-caecal jumction in Enteroclysis?
- 8. Explain about the Sinogram procedure.
- 9. Explain about the protocol for a Tomographic procedure.
- 10. Write in detail about the Fisulogram procedure.

#### III. Short answers on:

- 1. Seldinger Technique.
- 2. Best views for Oesophagus.
- 3. X-Ray Tomography advantages and examples of usage.
- 4. Uses of compression paddle in Barium meal follow through.
- 5. Basic trolley setting in HSG.
- 6. Discus about Volume Contrast and filming in case of Paediatric IVU.
- 7. What are the exposure factors for Single and Double Contrast study in Barium meal?
- 8. Indications and contraindications for Fistulogram.
- 9. Explain indications and contradictions of T Tube Cholangiogram.
- 10. What is PTBD?

(10 x 2 = 20)

#### SEPTEMBER 2022 Sub. Code: 1413 [AHS 0922] (FEBRUARY 2022 & AUGUST 2022 EXAM SESSIONS)

#### **DIPLOMA IN RADIOLOGY IMAGING TECHNOLOGY SECOND YEAR – (Regulation from 2010-2011) PAPER III – CONTRAST & SPECIAL RADIOGRAPHY PROCEDURES** *Q.P. Code:* 841413

| Time: Three Hours | Answer ALL Questions | Maximum: 100 Marks   |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| I. Elaborate on:  |                      | $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ |

#### I. Elaborate on:

- 1. Mention different types of Contrast agents used in Radiology- classification, contraindications and precautions for usage of each.
- 2. Explain about the procedure of Sialography.
- 3. Discuss Barium Enema procedure in detail.

#### **II. Write notes on:**

- 1. Write in detail about VCUG.
- 2. Describe about distal Loopogram.
- 3. What are the risk factors of Contrast media?
- 4. What is Dye? Explain in brief about its properties and types.
- 5. Invertogram.
- 6. What are the high risk cases considered before administration of Contrast medium?
- 7. MCU in stress incontinence.
- 8. Guidance in Radiation protection to be followed while doing X-Ray procedures.
- 9. Indications and Contraindications for Barium Swallow. How the Gastro Oesophageal reflux is demonstrated?
- 10. Technique in Small bowel Enema.

#### III. Short answers on:

- 1. Tomogram.
- 2. AUG.
- 3. Why should we avoid air bubbles in contrast applications HSG T-tube Cholangiogram, AUG?
- 4. Why should we use Luke warm preparation in Barium enema?
- 5. What compound is used in most positive Contrast medium? Why?
- 6. What is Sinogram?
- 7. List the advantage and disadvantage of Fluoroscopy.
- 8. The level of Creatinine and why is it important in intravenous Urethrogram?
- 9. Modification of technique and main indication for upper GI imaging in children.
- 10. Explain the various methods of Fluoroscopy.

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$ 

 $(10 \ge 2 = 20)$ 

[AHS 0423]

**APRIL 2023** 

Sub. Code: 1413

#### DIPLOMA IN RADIOLOGY IMAGING TECHNOLOGY SECOND YEAR – (Regulation 2010-2011 onwards) PAPER III – CONTRAST & SPECIAL RADIOGRAPHY PROCEDURES *O.P. Code: 841413*

| <b>Time: Three Hours</b> | Answer ALL Questions | Maximum: 100 Marks   |
|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| I. Elaborate on:         |                      | $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ |

- 1. Explain Barium Meal follow through: Indication, contra-indication, patient preparation, preparation of Barium, procedure and after care.
- 2. Describe Lumbar Myelogram: Indication, contra-indication, patient preparation, Selection of Contrast media, procedure and after care.
- 3. Describe about Management of Contrast Reactions and the role of Emergency Drugs and Equipments.

#### II. Write Notes on:

- 1. Opposing Urethrogram.
- 2. Explain techniques of Endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography.
- 3. Barium study for Gastro-oesophageal reflux disease.
- 4. Describe about Discogram.
- 5. Retrograde Pyelogram.
- 6. Describe about modified techniques of IVU.
- 7. Describe about Ileal Loopogram.
- 8. Classification of Contrast media.
- 9. Lymphangiogram.
- 10. Adverse reactions of Contrast Media.

#### **III. Short Answers on:**

- 1. What is 28 day rule?
- 2. What is Foley Catheter?
- 3. What is the standard filming sequence of IVU?
- 4. Contra indication for Barium Enema.
- 5. Types of Catheter.
- 6. What is Tomogram?
- 7. Radiographic procedure for Intussusception.
- 8. Management of Extravasation of Contrast Media.
- 9. What is the normal range of Blood Urea and Creatinine?
- 10. Advantages of Carbon Dioxide as contrast agent.

 $(10 \ge 2 = 20)$