February 2010

[KW 6002] Sub. Code: 6002

BACHELOR OF OPTOMETRY DEGREE EXAMINATION

First Year

Paper II - Physical and Geometrical Optics I and II

O.P. Code: 806002

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL Questions

Draw diagrams wherever necessary

I. Essays: $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

- 1. Describe Newton's ring experiment and explain how it is used to determine the wavelength of sodium light.
- 2. Explain how the laser can be produced and also discuss the effects of laser energy on tissue.

II. Short Notes: $(10 \times 5 = 50)$

- 1. Explain the Phenomenon of interference.
- 2. What is the zone plate and explain how is it made.
- 3. State and explain double refraction.
- 4. Give an account of Raman effect.
- 5. Explain regular Astigmatism.
- 6. Briefly explain about Gullstrand's schematic eye.
- 7. Write a note on anisometropia.
- 8. State and explain prism diopter.
- 9. Explain the term first principal focus and second principal focus.
- 10. What are entrance port and exit port? Explain.

III. Short Answers: $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- 1. State Snell's law of refraction.
- 2. What are nodal points?
- 3. Define aberrations.
- 4. Define myopia.
- 5. Mention the types of manifest hypermetropia.
- 6. What is meant by accommodation of the eye?
- 7. State Huygens principle for the propagation of light.
- 8. What is meant by fringe width?
- 9. Write any two applications of interference.
- 10. What is Polarization?

August 2011

[KZ 0811] Sub. Code: 6002

B.Sc. OPTOMETRY FIRST YEAR

PAPER II – PHYSICAL AND GEOMETRICAL OPTICS (I & II) O.P. Code: 806002

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Answer All questions.

I. Elaborate on : (3 X 10=30)

- 1. Explain the terms: spontaneous and stimulated emission laser pumping and population inversion. Discuss also the Ruby LASER.
- 2. Discuss the construction of a Nicol prism. How will you use it as an analyzer?
- 3. Astigmatism

II. Write notes on: (8X 5 = 40)

- 1. Compound microscope.
- 2. Solar spectrum.
- 3. Power of a lens.
- 4. Images formed by a plane mirror.
- 5. Double refraction.
- 6. Distortion.
- 7. Dispersion in a prism.
- 8. Anisometropia.

III. Short Answers on:

(10X 3 = 30)

- 1. Plane polarized light.
- 2. Raman's effect
- 3. Total internal reflection.
- 4. Refractive index of a medium.
- 5. Entrance and Exit pupil.
- 6. Positive and Negative crystals.
- 7. Optical activity.
- 8. Glare effect.
- 9. Application of lasers in medicine.
- 10. Nodal points.

February 2012

[LA 0212] Sub. Code: 6002

B.Sc. OPTOMETRY FIRST YEAR

PAPER II-PHYSICAL AND GEOMETRICAL OPTICS (I & II)

Q.P. Code: 806002

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

I. Elaborate on: (3 X 10=30)

1. Discuss 'Raman Effect' in detail

- 2. Explain the use of LASERS in Ophthalmic applications and medicine
- 3. Write the etiology, signs, symptoms and management of Myopia

II. Write notes on: (8X 5 = 40)

- 1. Dual nature of light
- 2. Total internal reflection
- 3. Curvature
- 4. Infra Red Spectrum
- 5. Double refraction
- 6. Glare effect
- 7. Semiconductor LASER
- 8. Gullstrand's schematic eye

III. Short Answers on : (10X 3 = 30)

- 1. Fermat's principle
- 2. Images in plane mirrors
- 3. Dispersion of light in prisms
- 4. Effect of stops
- 5. Optic axis of a crystal
- 6. Power of a lens
- 7. Properties and uses of laser
- 8. Magnification in mirrors
- 9. Dioptre
- 10. Angular magnification
