[AHS 0122] JANUARY 2022 Sub. Code: 2754 (FEBRUARY 2021 & AUGUST 2021 EXAM SESSION)

B.OPTOM

THIRD YEAR (Regulation 2018-2019) PAPER IV - PAEDIATRIC OPTOMETRY AND GERIATRIC OPTOMETRY O.P. Code: 802754

Time: Three hours Answer ALL Questions Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on: $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

1. Discuss morphological classification of acquired cataract. Discuss preoperative evaluation and management.

- 2. Discuss methods of vision testing in children according to age group.
- 3. Write the requisites for binocular single vision. What are the components of binocular vision. Explain Worth4-dot test.

II. Write notes on: $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

- 1. Write the principle, types and uses of keratometer.
- 2. Problems of aphakia.
- 3. Hirschberg test.
- 4. Classify hypertensive retinopathy.
- 5. Age related Macular degeneration.
- 6. Define low vision. Classify the grades.
- 7. Causes of diplopia.
- 8. Accommodative esotropia.

III. Short answers on:

 $(10 \times 3 = 30)$

- 1. Define Leucocoria. Write two causes.
- 2. Ectopia lentis.
- 3. Retinitis pigmentosa.
- 4. Pinhole test.
- 5. What is pseudophakia.
- 6. Write two causes for congenital cataract.
- 7. Post mydriatic test.
- 8. Pachymetry.
- 9. Types of amblyopia.
- 10. Types of retinal detachment.

[AHS 0922] SEPTEMBER 2022 Sub. Code: 2754 (FEBRUARY 2022 & AUGUST 2022 EXAM SESSIONS)

B.OPTOM

THIRD YEAR (Regulation from 2018-2019) PAPER IV - PAEDIATRIC OPTOMETRY AND GERIATRIC OPTOMETRY

Q.P. Code: 802754

Time: Three hours Answer ALL Questions Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on: $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

1. Write about Retinitis pigmentosa, types and rehabilitation for this condition.

- 2. Write about Ambylopia signs, symptoms and treatment.
- 3. Write about Hypertensive Retinopathy, clinical features, stages and treatment.

II. Write notes on: $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

- 1. Visual pathway lesions.
- 2. Primary open angle glaucoma and its management.
- 3. Fundus Fluorescein Angiogram.
- 4. Congenital Ptosis.
- 5. Vitamin A deficiency.
- 6. Types of keratoplasty.
- 7. Nystagmus-types, signs and symptoms.
- 8. Astigmatism -Types and treatment.

III. Short answers on:

- 1. TORCH Infections.
- 2. Three differential diagnosis for Leukocoria.
- 3. Titmus fly tests.
- 4. Pseudomyopia.
- 5. Photodynamic therapy.
- 6. Define Accommodation.
- 7. Bagolini striate glasses and its uses.
- 8. Pellucid Marginal degeneration.
- 9. Optic Neuritis-Types.
- 10. Mires appearance in Goldmann Applanation tonometer.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30)$

[AHS 0423] APRIL 2023 Sub. Code: 2754

B.OPTOM

THIRD YEAR (Regulation 2018-2019 onwards) PAPER IV - PAEDIATRIC OPTOMETRY AND GERIATRIC OPTOMETRY O.P. Code: 802754

Time: Three hours Answer ALL Questions Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on: $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

- 1. Define Hypermetropia. Discuss the components, symptoms and management of Hypermetropia.
- 2. Write the clinical features and management of Open Angle Glaucoma.
- 3. Define Amblyopia. Write the different types and management of Amblyopia.

II. Write notes on: $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

- 1. Tests for binocular single vision.
- 2. ETDRS classification of Diabetic Retinopathy.
- 3. Management of Esotropia.
- 4. Cover and uncover tests and their uses.
- 5. Write five causes for gradual loss of vision in adults.
- 6. Investigations for a case of cataract.
- 7. Write about Presbyopia.
- 8. Worth 4 dot test.

III. Short answers on:

 $(10 \times 3 = 30)$

- 1. Anisometropia types.
- 2. Write two causes for Proptosis.
- 3. What is Fogging?
- 4. What is albinism?
- 5. Tests for colour vision.
- 6. Causes for Vitreous Haemorrhage.
- 7. Sherrington's Law.
- 8. Maddox Rod test.
- 9. What is corneal topography?
- 10. What is Schirmer's test?

[AHS 1123] NOVEMBER 2023 Sub. Code: 2754

B.OPTOM

THIRD YEAR (Regulation 2018-2019 onwards)

PAPER IV - PAEDIATRIC OPTOMETRY AND GERIATRIC OPTOMETRY

Q.P. Code: 802754

Time: Three hours Answer ALL Questions Maximum: 100 Marks

I. Elaborate on: $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

- 1. Assessment of Visual Acuity in Infants.
- 2. Retinoscopy Principle and Stages.
- 3. Age Related Macular Degeneration Investigations and Management.

II. Write notes on: $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

- 1. Senile ptosis.
- 2. Non Arteritic anterior ischemic optic neuropathy.
- 3. Central Retinal vein occlusion.
- 4. Optic atrophy causes and evaluation.
- 5. Hypertensive retinopathy.
- 6. Vitamin A deficiency.
- 7. Retinal changes in myopia.
- 8. Humphreys field analyzer.

III. Short answers on:

 $(10 \times 3 = 30)$

- 1. Three causes of vision loss in children.
- 2. Vision assessment in preschool children.
- 3. Amsler grid.
- 4. Strabismic amblyopia.
- 5. Night blindness.
- 6. Central retinal artery occlusion-causes.
- 7. Occlusion therapy.
- 8. Red-glass test.
- 9. Congenital ectropion.
- 10. Toxoplasmosis.
