SB 792

B.Sc. MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNOLOGY)

SECOND YEAR

Paper III - Clinical Pathology & Basic Haemotology

Time: Three hours Max. Marks: 100

Answer ALL Questions

- Describe the composition of urine and discuss the changes in the urine in relation to various diseases. (25)
- Classify leukemia; Describe the laboratory diagnostic tests for leukemia. (25)
- 3. Write short notes on: $(5 \times 10 = 50)$
 - 1. Haemoglobin
 - 2. Automation in haematology
 - 3. Stool examination for occult blood
 - 4. Semen analysis
 - 5. Quality control-Urine

NOVEMBER 1995

MB 877

B.Sc. (MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNOLOGY)
SECOND YEAR

Paper-III Clinical Pathology and Basic Haematology

Time: Three hours Max.Marks: 100

Answer ALL Questions

- Write briefly about collection and preservation of urine for Examination.
 Write in detail the tests done for various reducing substances in urine. (25)
- Classify Anaemia. What are the tests done to investigate a patient with anaemia. Describe the usefulness of P.C.V. (25)
- 3. Write short notes on: (5x10=50))
 - a) Blood parasites
 - b) C.S.F. analysis
 - c) Quality control in Haematology Laboratory
 - d) Reticulocyte Count
 - e) Platelet Count

######

(AK 877)

B.Sc. (MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNOLOGY)

SECOND YEAR

PAPER III - CLINICAL PATHOLOGY AND BASIC HAEMATOLOGY

Time: Three hours Max: 100 marks

Answer ALL Questions

- Discuss on the various abnormal chemical constituents of urine and the tests to detect them. Write briefly the clinical importance of the abnormal constituents of urine. (25)
- Write briefly about normal and abnormal haemoglobins. What are the diagnostic tests in haemolytic anaemia. (25)
- Write short notes on: (5x10 =50)
 - a) L.E. Cell preparation.
 - b) Semen analysis.
 - c) Cerebrospinal fluid.
 - d) Tests in multiple myeloma.
 - e) Differential W.B.C. count.

#####

OCTOBER 1996

(PK 877)

B.Sc. (MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNOLOGY)
DEGREE EXAMINATION

SECOND YEAR

PAPER III - CLINICAL PATHOLOGY AND BASIC HAEMATOLOGY

Time: Three hours

Max: 100 marks

Answer ALL Questions

- Classify anaemia. Describe the various laboratory diagnostic tests used for anaemia. (25)
- Describe normal and abnormal white blood cells. How will you classify leukemia and discuss the relevant laboratory diagnostic methods. (25)
- Write short notes on: (5x10=50)
 - a) Quality control in haematology.
 - b) E.S.R.
 - c) Bone marrow smears.
 - d) Dip sticks in Urine analysis.
 - e) Stool Examination for occult blood.

B.Sc. (MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNOLOGY) DEGREE EXAMINATION

SECOND YEAR

Paper-III CLINICAL PATHOLOGY AND BASIC HARMATOLOGY

Time: Three Hours

Max:100 marks

Answer ALL Questions

- Write in detail about the theory of Leishman staining. Describe the method of staining a blood smear. (25)
- Write the differences between exudates and transudates. How will you proceed to examine a specimen of cerebrospinal fluid, and discuss the importance of its analysis in clinical pathology. (25)
- 3. Write short notes on:

(5x10=50)

- a) P.C.V.
- b) Automated cell counter
- c) Bence Jone's proteins
- d) Bone marrow findings in aplastic anaemia
- e) Physical examination of urine.

(SV 877)

B.Sc. (MEDICAL LABORATURY TECHNOLOGY) DEGREE EXAMINATION

SECOND YEAR

Paper-III CLINICAL PATHOLOGY AND BASIC HAEMATOLOGY

Time: Three Hours

Max: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

- Classify Leukaemias. Discuss the Laboratory Diagnosis. (25)
- Discuss the Urine examination in the laboratory and their findings in various diseases. (25)
- Write short notes on: (5x10=50)
 - a) Reporting a blood smear
 - b) C.S.F. Findings in disease.
 - c) Absolute Eosinophil Count.
 - d) Stool test for occult blood
 - Bone Marrow findings in Megaloblastic anaemia.

[SG 877]

Sub. Code: 5018

B.Sc. (Medical Laboratory Technology) DEGREE EXAMINATION.

Second Year

Paper III — CLINICAL PATHOLOGY AND BASIC HAEMATOLOGY

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

- 1. Classify Anaemias. Discuss the Laboratory Diagnosis. 3) Anaemias. (25)
- Write in detail the semen analysis with suitable diagrams. (25)
- Write short notes on :

 $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

- (a) Differential count.
- (b) L.E. Cell preparation.
- (c) Collection and preservation of urine.
- (d) Various methods of Haemoglobin estimation.
- (e) Parasitological examination of motion.

[KB 877]

Sub. Code: 5018.

B.Sc. (MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNOLOGY) DEGREE EXAMINATION.

Second Year

Paper III — CLINICAL PATHOLOGY AND BASIC HAEMATOLOGY

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

- Define Quality control. How do you observe quality control in a Haematology laboratory? (25)
- 2. What is the importance of Microscopic Examination of urine? (With illustrative diagrams) (25)
- 3. Write short notes on: $(5 \times 10 = 50)$
 - (a) Tests to diagnose sickle cell anaemia
- (b) Non parasitological examination of stool including occult blood
 - (c) Reticulocyte count
 - (d) Osmotic fragility test
 - (e) C.S.F. cell count.