

THE TAMIL NADU DR. M.G.R. MEDICAL UNIVERSITY

[BAMS 0723]

JULY 2023

Sub. Code: 1404

FIRST PROFESSIONAL B.A.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION
(For the candidates admitted from the academic year 2021-2022 onwards)
(New Regulations 2021)
PAPER IV – PADARTHA VIGYAN (AyUG-PV) PAPER II

Q.P. Code: 641404

Time: 30 Minutes

Answer ALL questions

Maximum: 20 Marks

Choose one correct answer in the box provided in the Answer Script. No overwriting should be done. Choice should be given in Capital Letters.

III. MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS:

(20X1=20)

1. Asat akaranat is a principle of
A. Parinama vada B. Satkarya vada C. Asatkarya Vada D. Ekanta vada
2. Swabhavoparama Vada is a contribution of
A. Charaka Samhitha B. Sushruta Samhitha
C. Astanga Hridaya D. Ashtanga Sangraha
3. Sarvam Kshanikam is an application of
A. Paramanu vada B. Paka Vada
C. Kshana Bhangura Vada D. Advaita Vada
4. Bhootadi Ahamkara is a synonym of
A. Rajasika Ahamkara B. Tamasika Ahamkara
C. Satwika Ahamkara D. All of the above
5. ShodashaVikara doesn't include
A. Pancha jnanendriya B. Pancha Karmendriya
C. PanchaTanmatra D. Pancha mahabhoota
6. 25th tatwa is srushti utpathi is per Sankhya Darsana.
A. Ayakta B. Prakriti C. Purusha D. None
7. Features which are dissimilar for purusha prakriti?
A. Nitya B. Vibhu C. Anantha D. Kartha
8. Peelupaka vada is related to_____.
A. Swabhavoparama vada B. Vivarta vada
C. Kshanbhangura Vada D. Paramanu Vada

9. Which vada is explaining the chemical change?
A. Satkarya Vada B. Peelupaka Vada C. Peetharapaka Vada D. None of the above
10. No. of Pratyaksha Pradhibandakara bhava.
A. 5 B. 10 C. 7 D. 8
11. The means through which we can gain knowledge is known as _____.
A. Pramana B. Pramata C. Prama D. Prameya
12. Yukti isa type of
A. Pramana B. abhava C. Samavaya D. Anusandhana
13. Types of kaarana are _____.
A. 1 B. 3 C. 4 D. None of the above
14. Harsham amodena pareekshyeta is an application of which Pramana?
A. anumana B. pratyaksha C. yukthi D. upamana
15. Prakriti tatwa is _____.
A. which gives birth to another tatwa B. which takes birth from other tatwa
C. both a and b D. None of the above
16. "There is smoke in the distant hill". In this example which term can be called as hetu to prove the presence of fire in the hill.
A. smoke B. fire C. hill D. None of the above
17. Rajasthamo bhyam nirmuktha is related to _____.
A. deva B. aptha C. asura D. gandharva
18. Anupasamhari is a type of _____.
A. paramana B. prameya C. sabda D. hetwabhasa
19. True knowledge is _____.
A. pramana B. pramata C. prameya D. prama
20. Tarko yukthyapekshya is which Pramana?
A. pratyaksha B. anumana C. upamana D. upamana

THE TAMIL NADU DR. M.G.R. MEDICAL UNIVERSITY

[BAMS 0124]

JANUARY 2024

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III. MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS:

(20X1=20)

01. Balam Vyayamasakthya Pareekshyeta is an application of _____.
A. Prathyaksha B. Anumana C. Yukthi D. Aptopadesha
02. Anumiti Karanam _____.
A. Upamana B. Anumana C. Pratyaksha D. Yukthi
03. Asadakaranat is a principle of _____.
A. Satkaryavada B. Asatkarya Vada
C. Swabhavoparama Vada D. Anekanta Vada
04. KshanaBhangura Vada is explained by _____.
A. Jaina Darsana B. Baudha Darsana
C. Sankhya Darsana D. Vaisheshika Darsana
05. Trasarenu is explained in _____.
A. Parinama Vada B. Paramanu Vada C. Ekanta vada D. Anekanta vada
06. Vaikarika ahamkara is a synonym of _____.
A. Satwika Ahamkara B. Rajasika Ahamkara
C. Tamasika Ahamkara D. None of the above
07. Ashta Prakriti doesnot include _____.
A. Ahamkara B. Manas C. Avyakta D. Mahat
08. Number of Tatwa according to Charaka Samhita for Srishti utpatthi.
A. 23 B. 24 C. 25 D. 26
09. Triguna is present in _____.
A. Avyakta B. Jnanendriya C. Karmendriya D. All of the above

P.T.O.

10. Pancha Panchaka is explained in _____.
 A. Cha su.5 B. Cha su.6 C. Cha su7 D. Cha.Su8
11. Trayodasha Karana includes _____.
 A. PanchaJnanedriya B.Panchakarmendriya
 C. Ubayendriya D.All of the above
12. Upamiti Karanam _____.
 A. Anumana B.Yukti C.Upamana D.Aptopadesha
13. Appearance of Rajju as Sarpa is an application of _____.
 A. Swabhavoparama vada B. Vivarta vada
 C. Kshanbhangura Vada D.Paramanu Vada
14. Formation of Ahara rasa can be explained with the help of _____.
 A. Paramanu Vada B.Peelupaka Vada
 C. Peetharapaka Vada D.None of the above
15. No. of Pratyaksha Pradhibandakara bhava _____.
 A.5 B. 10 C.7 D. 8
16. The person who gains knowledge is known as _____.
 A. Pramana B. Pramata C.Prama D.Prameya
17. Yukti is a type of _____.
 A. Pramana B. Guna C. Samyogi D.both A & B
18. Which among these are not included is Antakaranatraya?
 A. Atma B.Manas C.Budhhi D. Ahamkara
19. Which among the following is not a synonym of Apta?
 A. Shishta B. Vibudha C. Acharya D. both A & B
20. ____ Yojana Yatu yujyate.
 A. Anumana B.Pratyaksha C.Yukti D. Upamana
