# FEBRUARY 2015

# **B.Sc. RADIOTHERAPHY TECHNOLOGY**

#### SECOND YEAR

## **PAPER I – PHYSICS OF RADIOTHERAPY AND EQUIPMENTS**

#### Q.P. Code: 801911

Maximum : 100 Marks

#### I. Elaborate on:

**Time: Three Hours** 

- 1. The source housing and ON OFF mechanisms of telecobalt units with a neat diagram.
- 2. The methods used for obtaining broad electron beam and the electron beam collimation system of a Linear Accelerator.
- 3. The advantages of remote after loading systems in brachytherapy.

#### **II. Write Notes on:**

- 1. Deep x-ray therapy and its applications
- 2. What are penumbra trimmers? Write the advantages and disadvantages of the same.
- 3. What is depth of dose maximum? Describe the methods to increase the surface dose.
- 4. Isocentric technique and its advantages.
- 5. Advantages of electron beams and the therapeutic range.
- 6. Wedges and types of wedges used in linear accelerators.
- 7. Methods used for applying tissue heterogeneity correction.
- 8. Intracavitary Brachytherapy, the sources and the techniques used for various sites.

### **III. Short Answers on:**

- 1. Superficial x-ray therapy.
- 2. What is a magnetron and where is it used?
- 3. Define percentage depth dose.
- 4. Define scatter-to- air ratio.
- 5. The factors used for treatment time calculation in SAD technique.
- 6. What are isodose charts and their uses?
- 7. The method for reducing the hot spot and over lapping of beams for two adjacent photon fields.
- 8. Write the differences between LDR, MDR and HDR brachytherapy treatments.
- 9. Permanent implant.
- 10. Calibration of Brachytherapy sources.

#### $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ 

#### $(10 \times 3 = 30)$

**Answer All Questions** 

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