M.D. DEGREE EXAMINATION BRANCH XIII - BIOCHEMISTRY

PAPER IV – CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY, HUMAN NUTRITION, ENDOCRINOLOGY, IMMUNOLOGY AND RECENT ADVANCES IN BIOCHEMISTRY

Q.P.Code: 202046

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 marks

I. Essay Questions:

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

- 1. Describe the different mechanisms of hormone action
- 2. What are aminoacidurias? What are the steps to evaluate aminoacidurias?

II. Short Questions:

 $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

- 1. Albuminuria.
- 2. Biochemical basis of Marasmus and Kwashiorkor.
- 3. Markers of bone turnover.
- 4. Evaluation of Growth hormone status in the body.
- 5. Serum total calcium.
- 6. Freidrickson's classification of lipoproteinemias types, biochemical defect and laboratory findings.
- 7. HbA1c
- 8. Renal tubular acidosis.

III. Reasoning Out:

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- 1. Why CK MB mass is preferred over CKMB activity in serum in the diagnosis of AMI.
- 2. What is the rationale behind the administration of Arginine and Benzoic acid in Urea Cycle Disorders.
- 3. Explain the reasons for biochemical findings in Type I GSD (Glycogen storage disease).
- 4. Why sometimes urine tests positive for Ketone Bodies although the patient is recovering from DKA and blood glucose levels are not very high.

IV. Very Short Answers:

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- 1. Soret Band
- 2. Alpha feto protein
- 3. Immunoglobulins in acute and chronic infections
- 4. O'Sullivan & Mahan criteria of GDM
- 5. Medium Chain Acyl CoA dehydrogenase deficiency
- 6. Incretins and their function
- 7. Macroamylassemia
- 8. How will you calculate the expected compensation of pCO2 in metabolic acidosis and metabolic alkalosis
- 9. 'Middle' molecules and their importance
- 10. Which is the best intracellular buffer pair and why?
