B.Sc. CARDIAC TECHNOLOGY FIRST YEAR PAPER V – BASIC ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHY (ECG) *Q.P. Code : 801505*

Time: Three hours

Answer all questions

$(3 \times 10 = 30)$

Maximum: 100 Marks

- 1. Describe normal conduction system of heart.
- 2. Describe the concept of Einthovens triangle.
- 3. Draw a normal ECG pattern in LI, aVL, V1, V5, C6 and Explain why the pattern is like this base on electrical activation.

II. Write Notes on:

I. Elaborate on:

- 1. Triaxial and Hexaxial reference system.
- 2. Left axis deviation Draw the complex in I,aVL, liii, AVF.
- 3. Non cardiac factors that can alter the appearance of ECG.
- 4. What is an U wave? Which leads have prominent U wave?
- 5. What does the PR interval indicate and what is it's relation with heart rate?
- 6. Rate calculation in atrial fibrillation.
- 7. What is meant by clockwise and counterclockwise rotation of heart?
- 8. What is the normal R wave progression in chest leads and why?

III. Write Notes on:

- 1. Draw a QRS and T in V1 and V5, V6 in left bundle branch block.
- 2. Right axis deviation the ECG pattern in L II, LIII and Avf.
- 3. How to determine whether QRS voltage is normal or low?
- 4. Normal P wave axis.
- 5. When do you say ECG shows left axis deviation? Draw a QRS complex in LI, aVL, LIII and aVF in left axis.
- 6. Differentiation from normal and pathological Q wave.
- 7. What do you mean by vertical heart?
- 8. Mark the position of V7, V8 and V4R. Which are the situations where these leads are taken.
- 9. When do you say PR interval is prolonged and conditions where PR is Prolonged?
- 10. What is normal QRS pattern in AVR?

 $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

 $(10 \times 3 = 30)$