[LD 0212]

AUGUST 2013 Sub. Code: 1213 DIPLOMA IN CRITICAL CARE TECHNOLOGY SECOND YEAR

PAPER III –CRITICAL CARE TECHNOLOGY AIRWAYS, O2 THERAPY, CARE OF PATIENT ON VENITLATOR, EQUIPEMNT MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLE SHOOTING

Q.P. Code: 841213

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer all questions

I Elaborate on $3 \times 10 = 30$

1. Venturi principle of Oxygen therapy

- 2. Troubleshooting high peak pressure alarm on a ventilator
- 3. Various methods to ensure proper placement of endotracheal intubation

II Write notes on $10 \times 5 = 50$

- 1. Indications and contraindications of Non invasive ventilation
- 2. Advantages of inhaled mode of drug administration
- 3. Measures to ensure successful extubation
- 4. Information derived from a pressure volume loop
- 5. Importance of maintaining adequate cuff pressure
- 6. Compare closed suction versus open suction techniques
- 7. Advantages of adaptive support ventilation (ASV) over SIMV mode of ventilation
- 8. Harmful effects of positive end expiratory pressure
- 9. Advantages and contraindications of nasal intubation
- 10. Disadvantages of high oxygen administration

III Write short answers on

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- 1. Draw pressure time curve depicting peak and plateau pressures
- 2. Where should the endotrachael tube be anchored for a five year old boy?
- 3. What is biotrauma? How is it caused?
- 4. Elaborate on advantages of tracheostomy tube over oral endotracheal tube
- 5. How can you assess on the bedside of an impending respiratory failure?
- 6. What level of tracheal ring should the tracheostomy tube be placed?
- 7. What are the precautions to be taken before endotracheal suctioning?
- 8. When should the ventilatory tubings be changed?
- 9. What are the various recruitment manoeuvres possible?
- 10. What are the factors affecting the waveform of a pulse oximetry?
